1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	2nd Session of the 56th Legislature (2018)
3	HOUSE BILL 3393 By: Goodwin
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6	AS INTRODUCED
7	An Act relating to prisons and reformatories;
8	directing penal institutions, detention centers and jails to use least restrictive restraints on pregnant inmates; prohibiting use of restraints on inmates
9	during labor and delivery; providing an exception; providing for publication of certain notice;
10	directing penal institutions, detention centers and county jails to allow access to family member, friend
11	or doula services for pregnant inmates; making certain acts unlawful; providing penalties; defining
12	terms; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.
13	errective date.
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
16	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
17	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 4.2 of Title 57, unless there is
18	created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
19	A. All penal institutions, detention centers and county jails
20	shall use the least restrictive restraints necessary when the
21	facility has actual or constructive knowledge that an inmate is
22	pregnant. No restraints of any kind shall be used:
23	1. When transporting an inmate who is in labor;
24	2. While the inmate is delivering her baby; or

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3. While the inmate is recuperating from the delivery of her baby, unless there are compelling grounds to believe that the inmate presents an immediate and serious threat of harm to herself, staff or others or is a substantial flight risk and cannot be reasonably contained by other means.

- B. Prior to labor, if it is necessary to ensure the safety of the inmate or staff, only the least restrictive restraints necessary shall be used and in a way that mitigates adverse clinical consequences. Consultation with medical staff is required prior to application of restraints. Approval from the warden of a penal institution, director of a detention center or sheriff of a county jail is required. Correctional officers shall be available and shall be required to remove restraints upon request from medical personnel. The following restraints and control techniques are prohibited:
- Abdominal restraints that directly constrict the area of pregnancy;
- 2. Wrist restraints. If wrist restrains must be used, the restraints shall be applied in such a way that the pregnant inmate is able to protect herself and the fetus in the event of a forward fall;
- 3. Four-point restraints or placing the pregnant inmate in a facedown position;

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4. Leg and ankle restraints that may increase the risk of forward falls; and

- 5. Chain restraints. If chain restrains must be used, the chain restraint shall not be linked to any other inmate.
- C. To maintain privacy, correctional officers shall be positioned outside the room of the inmate, unless requested by the inmate.
- D. Any female inmate confined in a penal institution, detention center or county jail shall receive notice in writing in a language and manner understandable to the inmate about the requirements of this section upon admission to the penal institution, detention center or county jail and again, when the inmate is known to be pregnant. The warden, director or sheriff shall publish notice of the requirements of this section in prominent locations where medical care is provided to female inmates.
- E. All penal institutions, detention centers and county jails shall ensure that pregnant inmates have access to a family member, friend or doula services; provided, during delivery the doula services are furnished by a certified doula without charge to the penal institution, detention center or county jail or paid for by the pregnant inmate.
- F. It shall be unlawful for any correctional officer to use restraints on a pregnant inmate while the inmate is delivering her baby. Any person who violates the provisions of subsection B of

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    this section shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor
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    punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one
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    (1) year, or by a fine of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00), or by
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    both such fine and imprisonment.
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        G. As used in this section:
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            "Certified doula" means an individual who has received a
    certification to perform doula services from a nationally recognized
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    childbirth education association; and
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        2.
            "Doula services" means continuous emotional and physical
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    support throughout labor and birth and intermittently during the
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    prenatal and postpartum periods.
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        SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2018.
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